

## Catalogue No.

20495-884

# About handling of ceramics

### [Cautions common to all types of ceramics]

- •Ceramics are fragile. Handle with sufficient care, since there is a risk of breakage if an impact is applied.
- •Ceramics are vulnerable to rapid temperature changes. Handle with sufficient care, since there is a risk of breakage if heated ceramics are placed in cold water or cold ceramics are heated rapidly.
- Be careful not to drag on a table, etc., as it may damage the surface of the object. Use a tablemat, etc., if necessary.
- •Wash with a soft sponge or cloth applied with kitchen detergent. Sufficiently dry off before storage.
- •Never use wire wool or abrasive detergent as it may cause scratches.

#### [About handling of pottery (earthenware)]

- •Unlike porcelain, pottery absorbs water. Sufficiently dry off before storage. If not dried sufficiently, mildew or odor may occur.
- Soaking in hot water before use helps to prevent tea stains and other types of stains from adhering.

#### [About direct-flame safe ceramics such as an earthenware pot and plate]

- Never touch directly as the body becomes very hot during and after use. Be careful not to get burned. Make sure to use pot holders, etc.
- •It is dangerous to use such ceramics ware for "frying food" such as making tempura and fries.
- Never use for frying food as it may cause a fire.
- Never heat empty ceramics.
- •When placing on a table, etc., make sure to use a pot stand to prevent the table surface from being damaged.
- Be careful not to place heated ceramics in a cold place or on a cold surface or soak in cold water suddenly as it may cause breakage.
- After use, sufficiently wash and completely dry in a well-ventilated place before storage in order to prevent the occurrence of mildew and odor.

#### [About handling of glass products]

- •Glass products are fragile. Handle with sufficient care, since there is a risk of breakage if an impact is applied.
- •Glass products are vulnerable to rapid temperature changes. There is a risk of breakage if cold water is poured into a heated glass product or a heated glass product is placed in a wet place.
- •Wash with a soft sponge or cloth applied with kitchen detergent. Never use wire wool, detergent with abrasives, etc., as these may cause scratches and damage. When cleaning the inside of a glass cup, the use of a sponge with a handle is recommended.
- •Never use an edged tool as the surface of the glass may be damaged if being scraped with it.
- •Never use a broken, chipped or cracked product as it may cause unexpected injury.
- Handle fully thermally strengthened glass with sufficient care as it may break and scatter in fragments when damaged by scratches, etc.

#### [About handling of wood products]

- Never use a dishwashing machine to wash wood products.
- Never leave the wood products soaked in water or wet with water for a long time. This may cause mold, deformation, discoloring, etc.
- •Wash by wiping with a tightly wrung dishcloth, etc. Dry thoroughly before storage.
- Never rub with wire wool or a coarse sponge.
- •Handle bamboo products with sufficient care as they may have splinters due to characteristics of the material.
- Please note that color variations may occur due to the natural materials of wood products.